



This was home to the great Isthmian festival, which athletes \& delegates from the whole Greek-speaking world attended. Trainers, directors, and the athletes, prior to the contest had to swear on the Altar of Poseidon that they would perform their offices according to the rules and would use no unlawful means to obtain victory.


The Corinthian canal is only four miles in length- \& joins the Adriatic and Aegean Seas.

It was completed between 1882 and 1893. Nero attempted the building of a canal in this place but his efforts met with failure.

Poseidon, chief god of the Isthmus, was ruler of the sea \& earthquakes. The Isthmus, has more earthquakes than any other part of the Greek peninsula. The worship of Poseidon goes back to the eighth century B.C



> Paul traveled from Athens to Corinth \& stayed with Aquila and Priscilla. (18:1)

At Corinth Paul made his living by making Tents. (Acts 18:3) Here, Paul wrote the Letter of 1 Thessalonians to the Christians at Thessalonica.
(See Acts 18:5)
18:1 After these things he left Athens..

## After minimal success with intellectuals (17:34)

## and went to Corinth..

Roman colony, known for wealth, luxury, immorality. It also had a large Jewish population



## 18:2 He found a Jew named Aquila.. Recently come from Italy with his wife Priscilla

Paul formed a friendship with this couple that lasted the rest of his life (Rom 16:3-4) AD 57-58.

18:3 Because he was of the same trade, he stayed with them .. they were tentmakers


Not Christians yet or it would have been mentioned.
(Acts 17:1-2) According to Paul's custom ...


Paul was an apostle, not a Sabbatarian.

- Paul was by birth, a Jew. (Acts 22:3)
- He was sent by Christ to Jews \& Greeks (Acts 9:15)
- He showed the suffering Messiah was Jesus (18:5 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ )
- It gave him an immediate audience \& church core.


## CORINTH was the keeper of the temple of VENUS, the Goddess of sexual love.

Some prostitutes would engrave on the soles of their sandals", "FOLLOWME"

If a young girl went bad, she was said to have: "CORINTHIZIED"

Having little success in the Intellectual Capital he went to the Political \& Commercial Capital, THE CITY OF IMMORALITY

18:5 But when Silas and Timothy came down from Macedonia
Here Paul wrote
1 Thessalonians In Corinth when
Timothy came down. Proof = on next slide !

1 THESSALONIANS
1-3 Personal feelings
4 Reason for writing
5 Exhortations


18:6 they resisted and blasphemed.. He shook out his garments and said your BLOOD be upon your own heads

Your are responsible !<br>(Ezk 3:17-21; Acts 20:26-27)

18:7 Departed from there and went to the house of Titus Justus a worshiper of God whose house was next to the synagogue.

- This man was a gentile half-proselyte, not yet described as a disciple- but sympathetic to Paul.
- But he, (and now Paul) lived RIGHT NEXT DOOR to the Jewish antagonists. Scary !

18:8 And Crispus the leader of the synagogue believed in the Lord with all his household...
Paul oaptized him (1/ Gor 1-14)

A man of confident sincerity, around whom a congregation could be built.

18:8 ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ And MANY of the Corinthians when they heard were believing and being baptized.

- Intellectuals \& the rich usually aren't converted.
- Are we looking for prospect among right people?
- Are we fearful? Paul was! (Acts 18:9; 1 Cor 2:3)
18:9-10 And the Lord said in a vision "Do not be afraid any longer for I am with you and no man will attack you...

Happens two more times:
Acts 23:11 Lord said, "Hake courage...." Acts 27:23-24 Angel said "Do not be afraid Paul.."

18:11 And he settled there a year and six months teaching the word of God among them..

## 2 Thess

 written here $D$2 Thes 1:1 Same Men are together
2 Thes 2:1 Same Problems exist
in Corinth. (18:11)
18:12-13 While Gallio was proconsul of Achaia..


Seneca, (Gallio's brother) says of him: "Even those who love my brother Gallio to the utmost of their power do not love him enough."

PROCONSUL- over provinces able to be held peacefully. He exercised purely civil functions, but had no power over life and death. He had neither sword nor wore the military dress. It was customary, when any one's consulate expired, to send him as a proconsul into some other province.

18:12 The Jews with one accord rose up against Paul and brought him before the judgment seat


A Judgment seat - but not Corinth's


Judgment seat - in Corinth \& Acro Corinth
18:13 saying, "This man persuades men to worship God contrary to the law."

Acts 18:14 "But when Paul was about to open his mouth.."

Acts 18:14~Callosafd to the dews, पifit werea
 Of wrong orofucious cime O dews, ifworld be reas nableformetoputup withyou vi5butif therearequestlonse butwords \& namesand yourownlaw, lookefferfiyourselvess0amur willing to Beafudgeofthesematters" vib And ${ }_{17} \mathrm{He}^{2}$ drove them away from the judgment seat.

## Acts 18517 And Gallowasmot

concernedeboutanyof thesethings


- The gentile spectators attending, beat Sosthenes McGarvey, Barnes, JFB, Matt Henry 18:18 Paul having remained many days longer, took leave of the brethren and put out to sea for Syria with Priscilla and Aquila

In Cenchrea he had his hair cut, for he was keeping a vow (18:18b)

Similarity to a Nazarite vow. Real Nazarite vow had to give up grape juice forever. (Num 6:3-4)

Payls Remm to Antiocin (Act 18: 19.29)18:19 They came to Ephesus.. and he left them Aquila \& Priscilla there. He entered a synagogue and reasoned with the Jews.

Actsi8:20-Andwhen theyasked hin to stay foralonger times herey did not consent

Acts 18:22 He landed at
Caesarea, greeted the church (at Jerus.) and went down to Antioch
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Missionary Journey ends

1. Antioch (yria) Paul \& Silas begin journey
2. Syria--
3. Cilicia-
4. Derbe--
5. Lystra-- Pass thru the Syrian Gates Pass thru the Cilician Gates Where he had converted many Picked up Timothy as helper
6. Galatia (Pisidia) Paul got sick here and preached
7. Phrygia--
8. Troas--
9. Samothrace-10. Neapolis--
10. Philippi--

Picked up Luke, Macedonian call Agean Island, one night stopover Seaport
Drop Luke, Paul/Silas beaten, Convert Lydia, Jailer

12. Amphipolis<br>13. Appolinia<br>14. Thessolanica--<br>15. Berea--<br>16. Athens--

17. Corinth--
18. Cenchrea--
19. Ephesus--
20. Caeserea--
21. Jerusalem--
22. Antioch--

Having left Philippi

Drop off Timothy
Drop off Silas
Paul sends for Tim \& Silas

Meet Aquila / Priscilla, write 1 Thess.
Seaport Vow
Drop off Aquila \& Priscilla
Seaport Cornelius was there
Greets the church
$2^{\text {nd }}$ journey ends

